Code of Ethical Conduct

XU YUAN PACKAGING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Revised by the Board of Directors on May 14, 2015 Reported to the Shareholders' Meeting on June 30, 2015

Chapter 1: Purpose and Basis

Article 1: Establishment and Compliance

This Code is established to build a sound ethical behavior model within the company, comply with ethical standards, and help all stakeholders understand the company's ethical guidelines. It is formulated in accordance with Article 1 of the "Ethical Conduct Guidelines for Publicly Listed Companies" and serves as the basis for compliance.

Chapter 2: Ethical Conduct Guidelines

Article 2: Prevention of Conflicts of Interest

A conflict of interest arises when personal interests interfere or may interfere with the overall interests of the company. This may occur when directors or managers cannot objectively and efficiently perform their duties, or when they improperly benefit themselves, their spouses, parents, children, or relatives within the second degree of kinship due to their positions in the company.

The company must **pay special attention** to financial transactions, guarantees, major asset transactions, and procurement/sales activities involving related parties of directors or managers. The company shall **prevent conflicts of interest** and provide appropriate channels for directors and managers to proactively disclose potential conflicts of interest.

Article 3: Avoidance of Personal Gain

Directors and managers must avoid:

- 1. Taking advantage of **company property, information, or their position** for personal gain.
- 2. Using company resources or their position for private benefits.
- 3. Engaging in competition with the company.

When the company has profit opportunities, directors and managers have a duty to maximize the company's legitimate and lawful interests.

Article 4: Confidentiality Obligations

Directors and managers must maintain the confidentiality of any non-public information related to the company or its customers, suppliers, and partners, except when disclosure is authorized or required by law.

Confidential information includes any data that, if disclosed, could benefit competitors or harm the company or its clients.

Article 5: Fair Transactions

Directors and managers shall **treat customers**, **competitors**, **and employees fairly** and shall not:

- 1. Manipulate or conceal information.
- 2. Misuse privileged information.
- 3. Provide false statements about key matters.
- 4. Engage in unfair business practices to obtain improper benefits.

Article 6: Protection and Proper Use of Company Assets

Directors and managers must protect the company's assets and ensure that they are legally and effectively used for business purposes.

Theft, negligence, or waste of company resources directly affects the company's profitability.

Article 7: Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The company strengthens its employees' awareness and compliance with:

- Securities laws
- Other applicable laws and regulations

The company also establishes **Employee Conduct Guidelines** to regulate all employees' behaviors accordingly.

Article 8: Encouraging Reporting of Violations

The company promotes **ethical awareness** and encourages employees to **report any suspected violations** of laws, regulations, or this Code to the **Audit Committee**, **managers**, internal auditors, or other appropriate personnel.

To protect whistleblowers from retaliation, the company shall establish a clear reporting mechanism and ensure that employees are aware of the protection measures.

Article 9: Disciplinary Actions

If a director or manager violates this Code, the company shall take appropriate disciplinary action based on the provisions of the Code.

The company must publicly disclose the violation details on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS), including:

- Date of violation
- Reason for the violation
- The violated provisions
- Actions taken by the company

The company shall also **establish an appeal system** to provide a remedial channel for those who have violated the Code.

Chapter 3: Exemption Procedures

Article 10: Conditions for Exemption

If a director or manager is **exempted** from compliance with this Code, the exemption must be **approved by the Board of Directors** and immediately disclosed on the **Market Observation Post System (MOPS)**.

The disclosure must include:

- Date of board approval
- Opposing or reserved opinions from independent directors
- Period of exemption
- Reason for exemption
- Specific provisions exempted

This allows shareholders to assess whether the board's decision is appropriate and ensures that any exemption is well-regulated to protect the company.

Chapter 4: Disclosure

Article 11: Public Disclosure

This Code shall be publicly disclosed on the company's:

- Website
- Annual report
- Public offering prospectus
- Market Observation Post System (MOPS)

Any amendments to this Code shall also be publicly disclosed.

Chapter 5: Implementation

Article 12: Implementation and Amendments

This Code shall take effect upon approval by the Board of Directors and shall be distributed to all independent directors and reported to the Shareholders' Meeting.

Any amendments shall follow the same approval and reporting procedures.